

b) Volume of Circular Cone = $\frac{1}{3}(\pi r^2 h) = \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 225 \times 20 = 1500\pi \text{ cm}^3$ AD=15

Volume of the hemisphere = $\frac{2}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{2}{3}\pi \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 = 1152\pi \text{ cm}^3$

Volume of the remaining part of the cone = $(1500 - 1152)\pi \text{ cm}^3 = 348\pi \text{ cm}^3$

20. $p(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 5x + 6 = q(x)(x-2) + r$. $\therefore p(x) = (ax^2 + bx + c)(x-2) + r$ where $q(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 - 5x + 6 = (ax^2 + bx + c)(x-2) + r$$

Equating Coefficients of like powers of x , then

$$a=2, -2a+b=-3 \therefore b=-3+2a=-3+2 \times 2=4-3=1 \quad -2b+c=-5 \therefore c=-5+2b=-5+2=-3 \quad 6=-2c+r$$

$$r=6+2c=6+(-6)=0$$

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 - 5x + 6 = (2x^2 + x - 3)(x-2) = (x-1)(2x+3)(x-2)$$

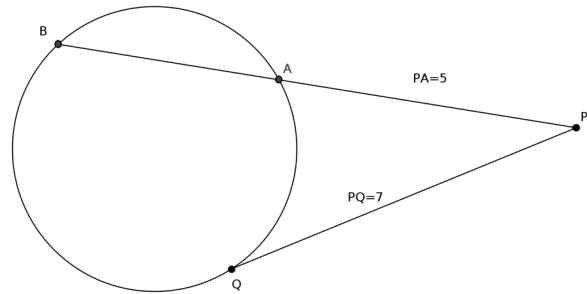
a) $q(x) = 2x^2 + x - 3$ b) $(x-1)(2x+3)$ c) $(x-1)(2x+3)(x-2)$

21.

$$PA \times PB = PQ^2 \therefore 5 \times PB = 49$$

$$PB = \frac{49}{5}$$

$$AB = PB - PA = \frac{49}{5} - 5 = \frac{(49 - 25)}{5} = \frac{24}{5} = 4.8 \text{ cms}$$



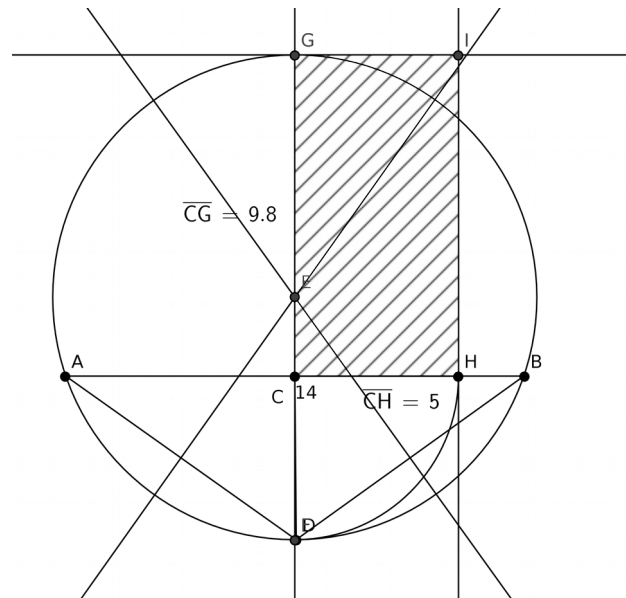
a) 4.8 cms

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In Circle

$$AC \times CB = CD \times CG$$

$$7 \times 7 = 5 \times CG$$



22.